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REG. 13. *Water-closets to be provided.*—All depots and railway stations shall provide adequate urinals and water-closets for patrons and the traveling public; must keep them in proper sanitary condition, and, if within 500 feet of any public sewer, must make permanent sanitary connection with same. Any privy or box closet furnished by any such railway company shall be protected from flies by screening or other effective method, including hinged lids or other device for covering the opening in the seats of said closets. Such privies and closets as are not in connection with a sanitary sewer shall be provided with a water-tight metal container (receptacle) underneath, which shall be emptied when full or at any time when its condition shall create a nuisance or become insanitary, and in no instance shall such box closet go longer than one month before it must be emptied and disinfected with 5 per cent carbolic acid solution or other approved disinfectant solution.

REG. 14. *Railway premises shall be drained.*—The premises of all depots and railway stations shall be thoroughly drained, so that no stagnant water will collect on said premises.

REG. 15. *Cisterns, etc., shall be screened.*—All cisterns, fire-water barrels, or other water containers upon the premises of any depot or railway station shall be screened with not less than 16-mesh wire gauze.

REG. 16. *The use of the common or public drinking cup.*—The use of the common or public drinking cup is prohibited on all public conveyances and in waiting rooms.

REG. 17. *The common roller towel shall be abolished.*—The common roller towel shall be abolished on all common carriers and in waiting rooms.

REG. 18. *No person shall spit on the floor, furnishings, etc.*—No person shall spit on the floor, furnishings, or equipment of any public conveyance, eating room, depot, depot platform, waiting room, deck, or wharf. Each common carrier is hereby required to post and display in each day coach, smoking apartment, or boat a placard in form as follows:

For cars.—Spitting or throwing of refuse on the floor, furnishings, or vestibule of this car is prohibited by law.

Waiting rooms, eating rooms, toilets.—Spitting or throwing of refuse on the floor or furnishings of this room is prohibited by law.

Boats.—Spitting or throwing of refuse on the deck, floors, or furnishings of toilet rooms of this boat is prohibited by law.

Jails and Other Penal Institutions—Measures for Protection of Health in (Rules State Board of Health Promulgated Aug. 20, 1912).

RULE 1. *Ventilation.*—All jails and other penal institutions in South Carolina must be properly ventilated. A minimum of 700 cubic feet of air space must be provided for each prisoner for his sleeping room, and proper provision must be made so that this air be changed so as to provide 3,000 cubic feet per hour for each prisoner.

RULE 2. *Heat and lighting.*—All jails and other penal institutions in South Carolina must be properly heated and properly lighted.

RULE 3. *Floors, walls, and bedding.*—The floors of each jail where prisoners are confined and each cell of the penitentiary must be cleaned daily. The walls must be kalsomined or whitewashed at least once annually. Clean bedding must be furnished in all jails and other penal institutions in South Carolina.

RULE 4. *Water-closets.*—Proper water-closets with adequate plumbing must be provided in all jails and the penitentiary in incorporated towns having water works and sewerage. These must be provided with covers and kept in a sanitary condition.

RULE 5. *Screening.*—The windows and doors of all jails and penal institutions in South Carolina must be properly screened with 12-inch mesh wire.

RULE 6. *Water supply.*—Pure water in sufficient amount for drinking and bathing purposes must be furnished in every jail and other penal institutions in South Carolina.

RULE 7. *Isolation of contagious disease.*—Prisoners suffering with the following contagious diseases must be isolated from the rest of the prisoners and a suitable isolation ward or room must be provided in all jails and penal institutions for tuberculosis, smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, mumps, measles, whooping cough, scabies or itch, leprosy, and any other diseases designated as contagious by the State board of health.

RULE 8. *Examination of prisoners upon admission.*—All prisoners admitted to any jail or other penal institutions in South Carolina must be vaccinated, unless they have been vaccinated within the last two years. All prisoners must be examined within 24 hours after admission to determine whether they are suffering from any contagious disease.

RULE 9. *Bath on entrance.*—All prisoners admitted to any jail and other penal institutions in South Carolina must be required to bathe all over and be provided with clothing until the clothes worn on admission have been properly disinfected and made free from vermin, should such vermin be present when the prisoners are admitted.

RULE 10. *Proper diet for prisoners.*—All prisoners admitted to any jail and other penal institutions in South Carolina must be furnished with sufficient wholesome food, this food to be subject to inspection from time to time by the State health officer or other agent of the State board of health.